

Human rights and modern day (anti) slavery

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How the new modern slavery laws affect your organisation

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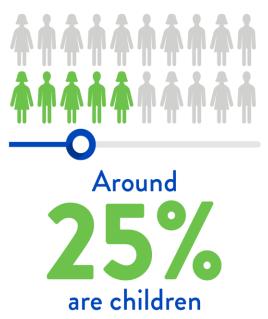




Modern slavery worldwide







*Data from the Global Slavery Index 2018



Modern slavery in everyday products













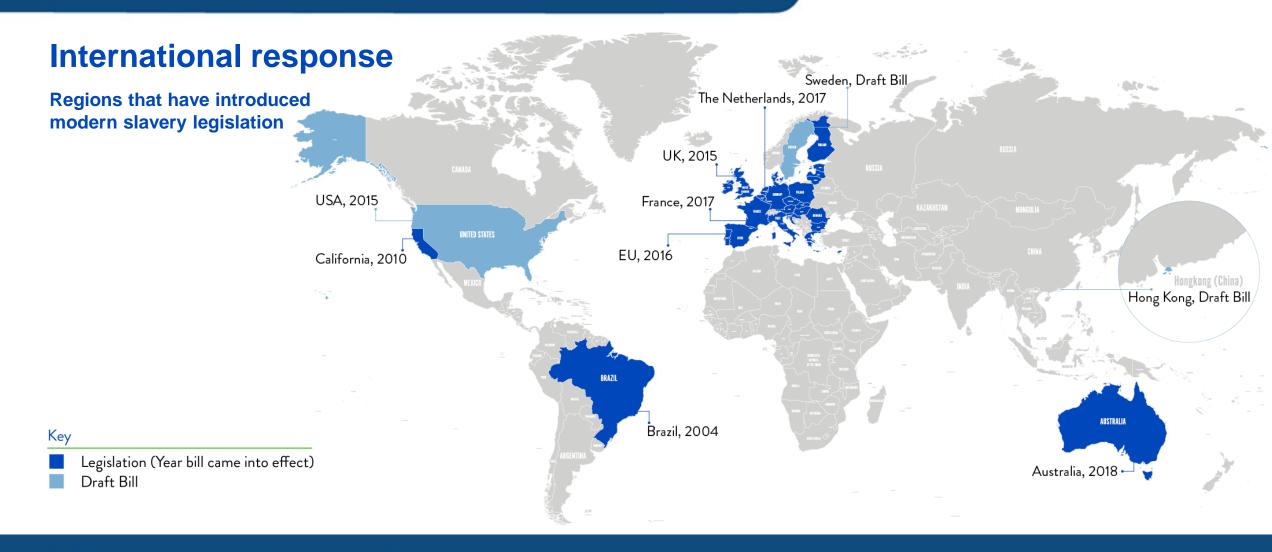














What is being done in Australia?



Commonwealth Act

Passed by Parliament on 29 November 2018. Commenced on 1 January 2019.

NSW Act

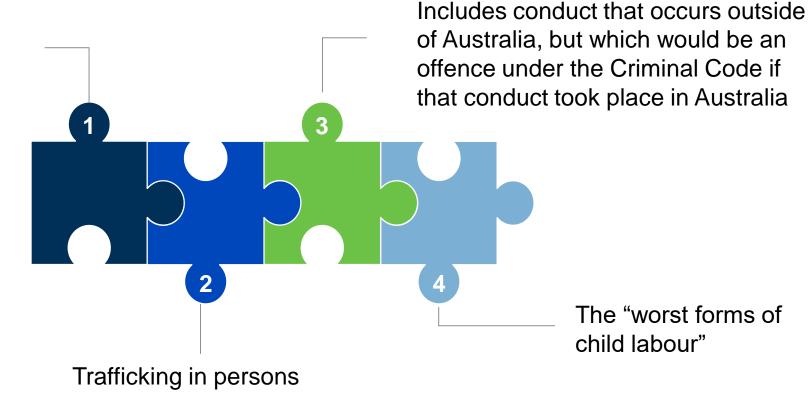
Passed by NSW Parliament in June 2018. Has not yet come into effect.



What is modern slavery?

Slavery offences under the Australian Criminal Code:

- •slavery
- slavery-like conditions
- servitude
- forced labour
- •forced marriage
- people trafficking
- deceptive recruiting
- debt bondage



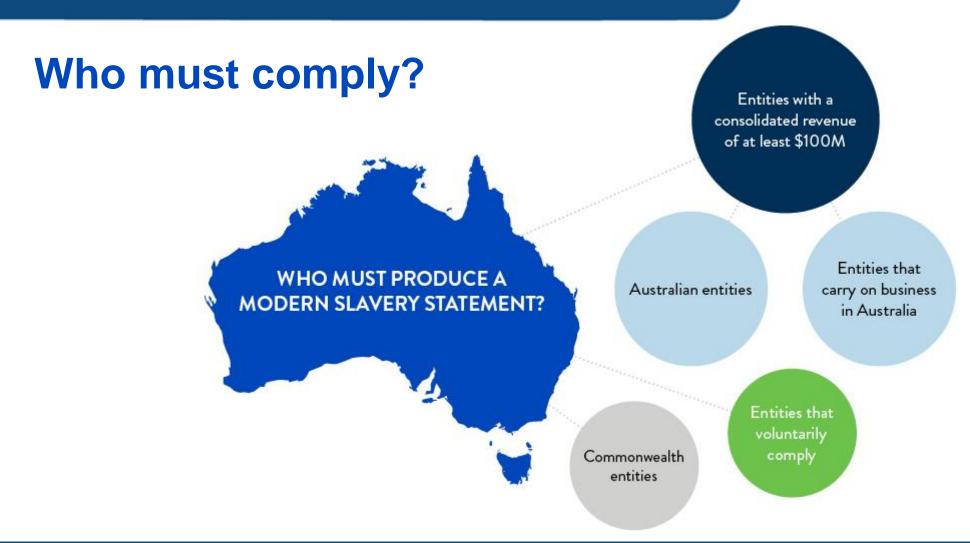


Slavery under the Australian Criminal Code

"Slavery is the <u>condition</u> of a person over whom any or all of the powers attaching to the right of ownership are exercised, including where such a condition results from a debt or contract made by the person."

Australian Criminal Code, s. 270.1







Requirements for compliance

STEP 1

Statement

Reporting entities must produce a Modern Slavery Statement for each financial year (Statements can be joint).

STEP 2

Form

Statement must be prepared in the approved form.

STEP 3

Timing

Statement must be provided to the Minister within 6 months after the end of the entity's financial year.

STEP 4

Approval

Statement must be approved by the entity's principal governing body (e.g., board of directors or trustees) & signed by a responsible member (e.g., director).



New requirements under the Federal Act

Boards are now accountable for **compulsory public statements** about the **risks of modern slavery** in their entities' operations and supply chains and how such risks are managed.

Does the Act criminalise slavery?

Are Statements made public?

Are there penalties for non-compliance?



What must Statements address?

- Identify the reporting entity
- Describe its structure, operations & supply chains
- Describe the risks of modern slavery practices in its operations and supply chains including relating to any entity controlled by the reporting entity
- Describe any actions taken to assess and address modern slavery risks

- Describe the effectiveness of any such actions taken to address risks
- Outline the details of approval by the principal governing body
- Describe the process of consultation with any entities owned or controlled by the reporting entity
- Additional relevant information



Identifying modern slavery risks



Certain countries have an increased risk of modern slavery in supply chains due to conflict, weak rule of law, corruption.

Industry type

Services - cleaning, hospitality, tourism. Goods - manufacturing, fishing, apparel.

Commodities & raw materials used

High risk commodities include garments, cocoa, sugar cane, leather, flowers, diamonds, silk, rice, vanilla, tea, toys, timber.

Complex tiers in supply chains

Multiple levels of subcontracting in a supply chain reduces transparency.



Preparing for compliance



Map supply chains

Understand how your supply chains operate in the context of your structure and business.



Identify key risk areas

Identify supply chain vulnerabilities and risk factors.



Manage identified risks

Implement measures to minimise risks of modern slavery practices in your supply chains (e.g., reviewing supply contracts).



Fix identified issues

Develop an approach to remediate issues when they arise. Train staff about risks and how to take appropriate action.



Questions?



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